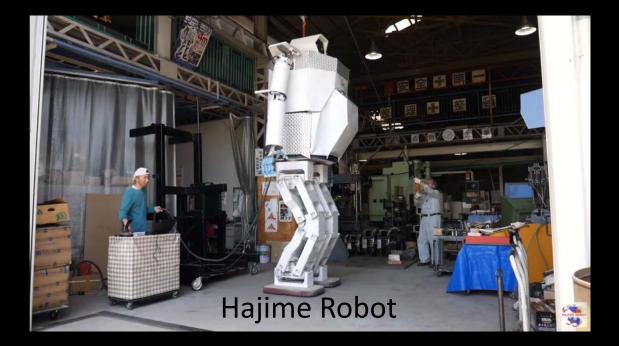
ECE 4960

Prof. Kirstin Hagelskjær Petersen kirstin@cornell.edu

Fast Robots



• Fast robots are fundamentally different from slow robots





- Fast robots are fundamentally different from slow robots
 - Kinematics Dynamics





- Fast robots are fundamentally different from slow robots
 - Kinematics Dynamics
 - Stable Unstable





► ► • 0:01 / 2:31

Pause (k)

- Fast robots are fundamentally different from slow robots
 - Kinematics Dynamics
 - Stable Unstable

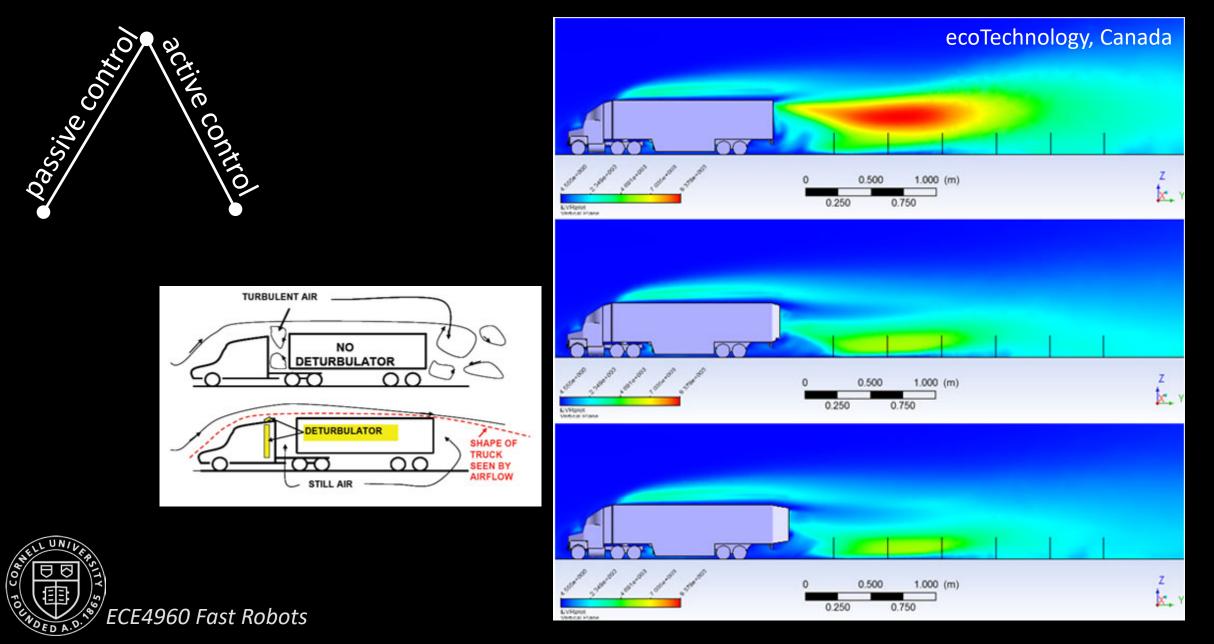
E4960 Fast Robots

- Design for fast robots goes beyond just good control theory and dynamic models
 - Practical implementation, mechanics, sensors, processing, estimation, etc.

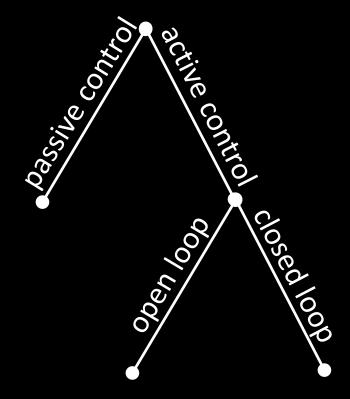




Control and its implications in fast robots



Control and its implications in fast robots







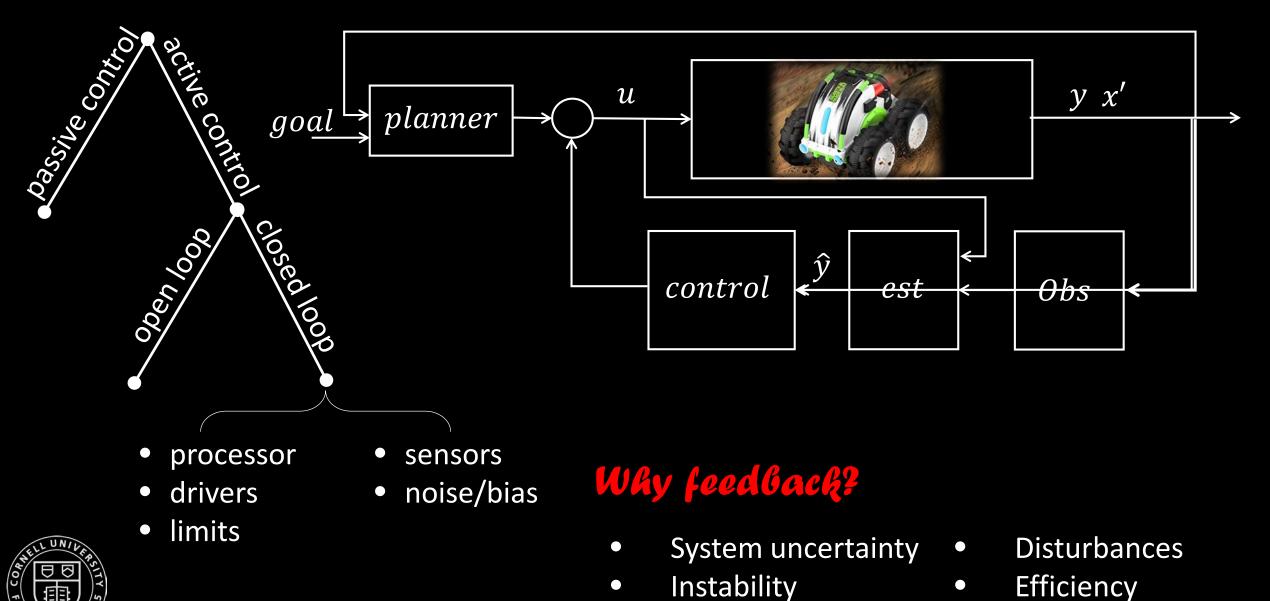
Why feedback?

- System uncertainty
- Instability

- Disturbances
- Efficiency

igodol

Control and its implications in fast robots



ECE4960 Fast Robots



Fast Robots Class Structure



- Combine base with processor, drivers, and sensors
- Pros/cons of sensor modalities and types of sensors
 - Noise, bias, and sampling frequency
- Simulation platform
 - Sensor models





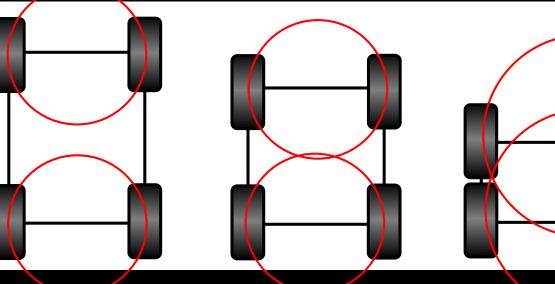


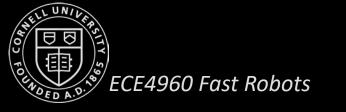
- Combine base with processor, drivers, and sensors
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 - Motion models



What are sources of error?

• Skid steering



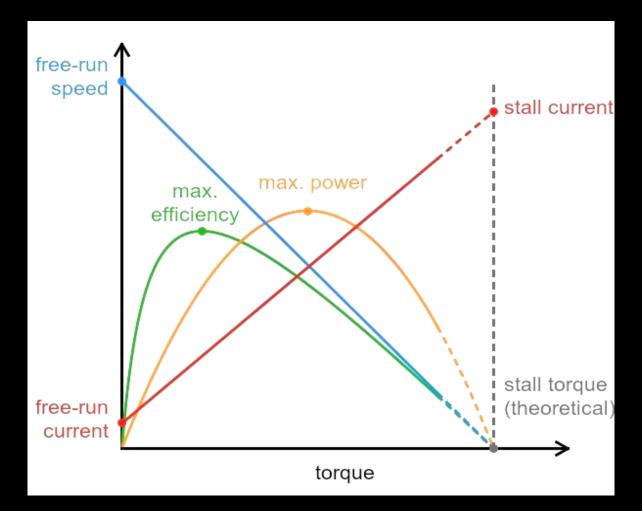


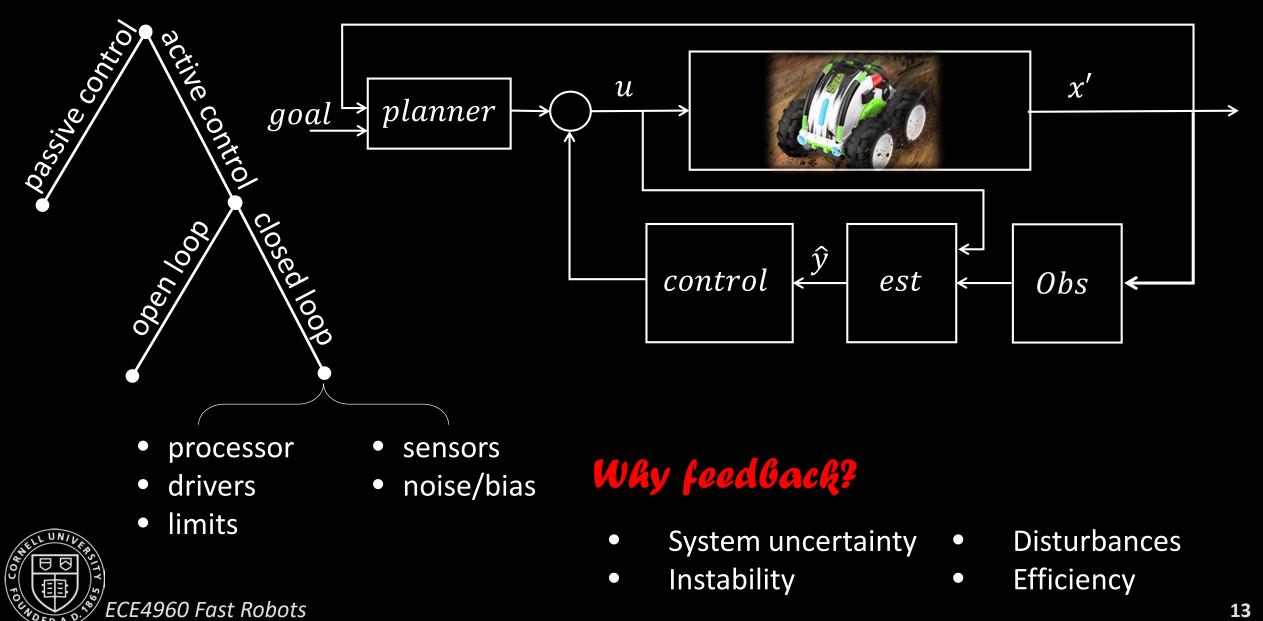
- Combine base with processor, drivers, and sensors
- Pros/cons of sensor modalities and types of sensors
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- Simulation platform
 - Sensor models
 - Motion models

What are sources of error?

- Skid steering
- Momentum
- Weak motors





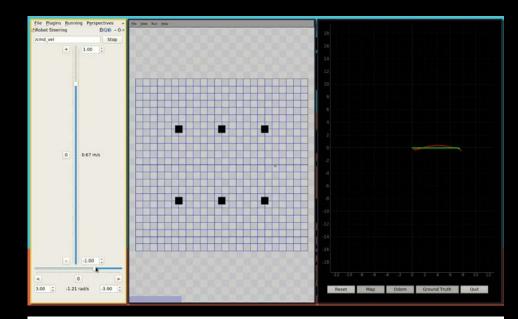


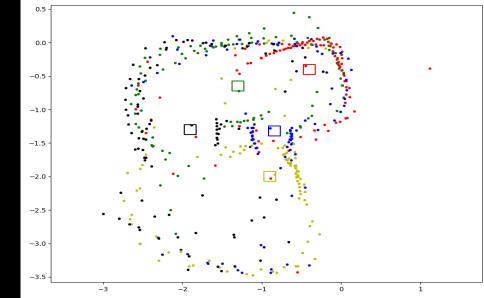
13

Part 2: Enabling fast navigation (kinematic → dynamic)

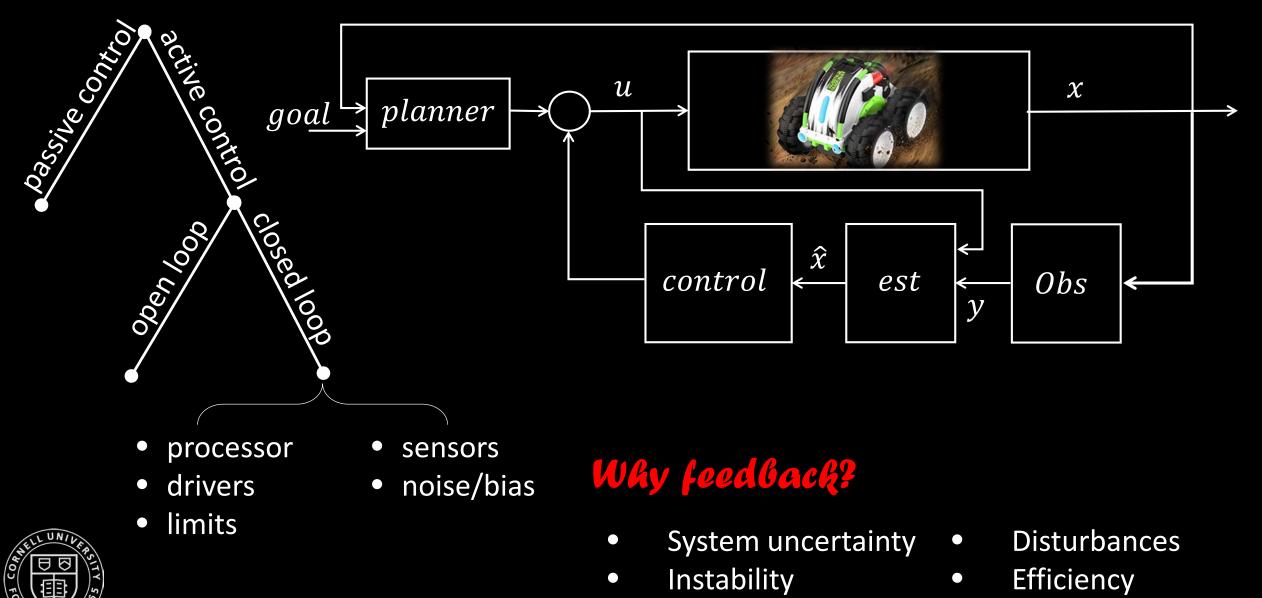
- Open loop navigation
- Obstacle avoidance
- PID control
- Map
- Localization
- Trajectory planning





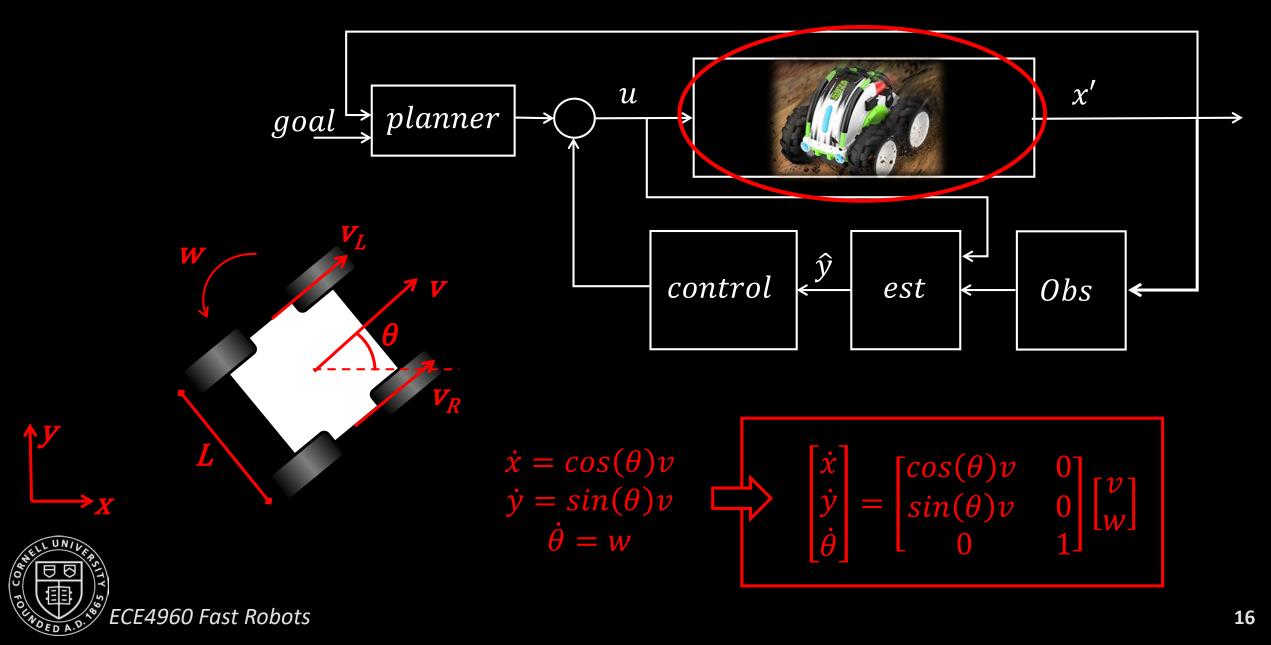


Part 2: Enabling fast navigation (kinematic → dynamic)



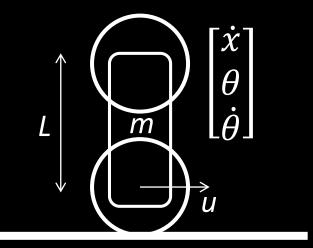
ECE4960 Fast Robots

Part 2: Enabling fast navigation (kinematic → dynamic)



Part 3: Controlling an unstable system

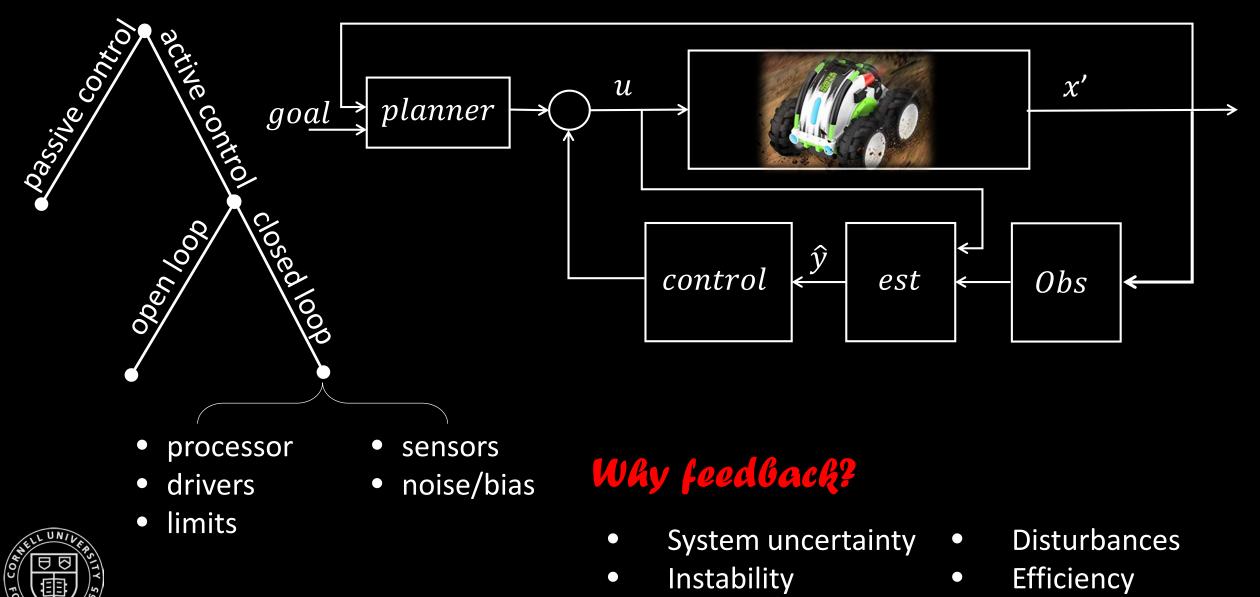
- Inverted pendulum
- Equations of motion
- Linear systems
- Controllability
- Observability/estimators
- LQR optimal control







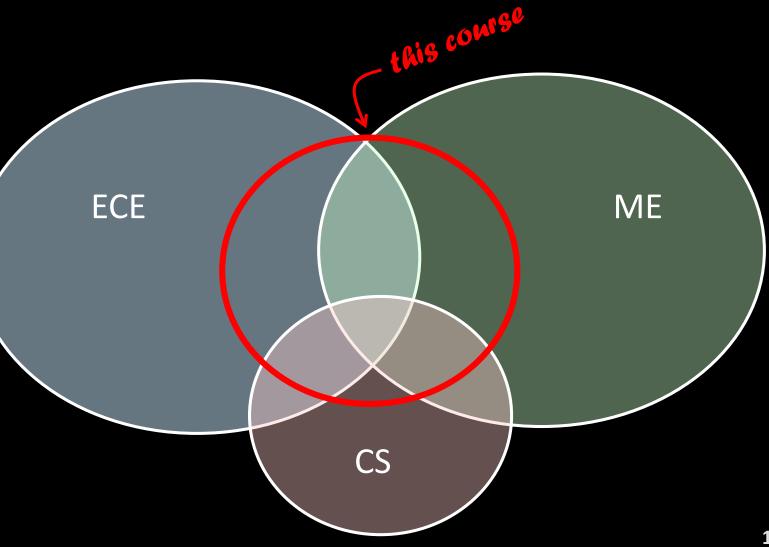
Part 3: Controlling an unstable system



ECE4960 Fast Robots

Course Objective

- Somewhere between a Culminating Design Experience (learn through implementation)
- ...and a foundations course
- Overlap with Autonomous Mobile Robots and Feedback Control Systems





<u>Tentative</u> Schedule

ECE4960 Fast Robots

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•	Week 1: Intro		
•	Week 2: Rigid body transformations	\mathbf{i}	Sensors, data
•	Week 3: Sensors - TOF, Proximity, encoders, IMU	\succ	interpretation
•	Week 4: Noise, probability and estimation	J	merpretation
•	Week 5: PID control, Mapping	\mathbf{D}	
•	Week 6: Bayes filter, odometry/sensor models		Trajactory planning
•	Week 7: Localization		Trajectory planning
•	Week 8: Planning, A* search, probablistic roadmap	J	and execution
•	Week 9: Linear systems and state space representation	\mathbf{b}	
•	Week 10: Inverted pendulum dynamics		
•	Week 11: Controllability (LQR)		Control of an
•	Week 12: Observability, Kalman filter (LQE)	$\left \right\rangle$	Control of an
•	Week 13: Kalman filter (LQE)		unstable system
•	Week 14: LQG control on an inverted pendulum		
•	Week 15: Guest lectures		
•	Week 16: Recap	\geq	Real life examples
ELLUN	New Street Stree		

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<u>Tentative</u> Schedule

Of CORNER

•	Week 1: Intro	Github page
•	Week 2: Rigid body transformations	Artemis nano
•	Week 3: Sensors - TOF, Proximity, encoders, IMU	Bluetooth communication
•	Week 4: Noise, probability and estimation	
•	Week 5: PID control, Mapping	Open loop control
•	Week 6: Bayes filter, odometry/sensor models	. Obstacle avoidance
•	Week 7: Localization	IMU
•	Week 8: Planning, A* search, probablistic roadmap	.Odometry
•	Week 9: Linear systems and state space representation	.PID control
•	Week 10: Inverted pendulum dynamics	Mapping
•	Week 11: Controllability (LQR)	
•	Week 12: Observability, Kalman filter (LQE)	. Planning
•	Week 13: Kalman filter (LQE)	
•	Week 14: LQG control on an inverted pendulum	
•	Week 15: Guest lectures	
•	Week 16: Recap	
ELL UNI	283	
NOEDA	S. ECE4960 Fast Robots	

Disclaimer!

- First offering, all online!
 - Take this course if you want a highly interactive teaching team, fun and advanced challenges, experience with real robots, and an opportunity to build up an online portfolio
 - We are aiming high!



Alexandra Finley @AlexJFinley · Jun 23

Admin in 2020: please be prepared to teach online, in person, both simultaneously, on a moving train, while juggling, in a burning building, under the sea, during a wrestling match with a T-Rex, as a hologram, and riding a unicorn. Also be safe and we value you.





Fast Robots Teaching Team

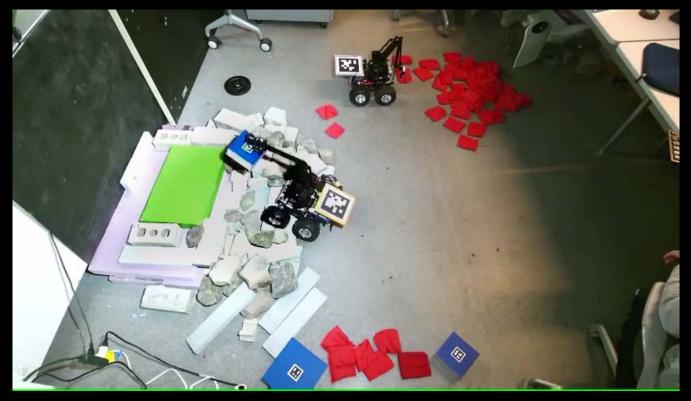


Your Teaching Team: Vivek ('we wake') Thangavelu



ECE4960 Fast Robots

Hi, this is Vivek and he likes to talk in the third person. He considers himself to be a field roboticist (a fancy term used to persuade oneself for lacking expertise in any one specific area) and wants to help build colonies that are not on earth (**insert futurama meme**\). He currently designs robots that can build structures with found stones, and hopefully someday teach them to love.



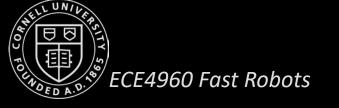
Your Teaching Team: Sadie Cutler



- Second semester graduate student in the CEI-lab
- Research focus is on robotic yield-improvement of pollen-limited crops
 - Fluent in German
 - Celebrate Harry Potter's bday
 - Enjoy triathlons and Jiu Jitsu



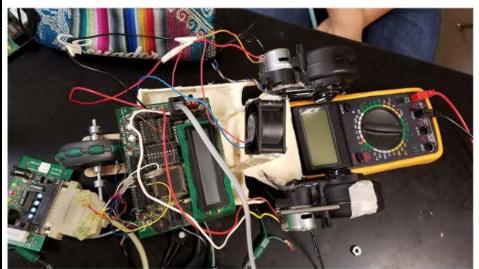
A growing soft robot, Sadie worked with at Stanford

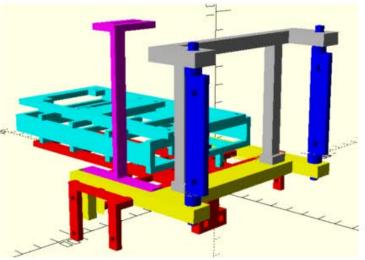


Your Teaching Team: Alex Coy

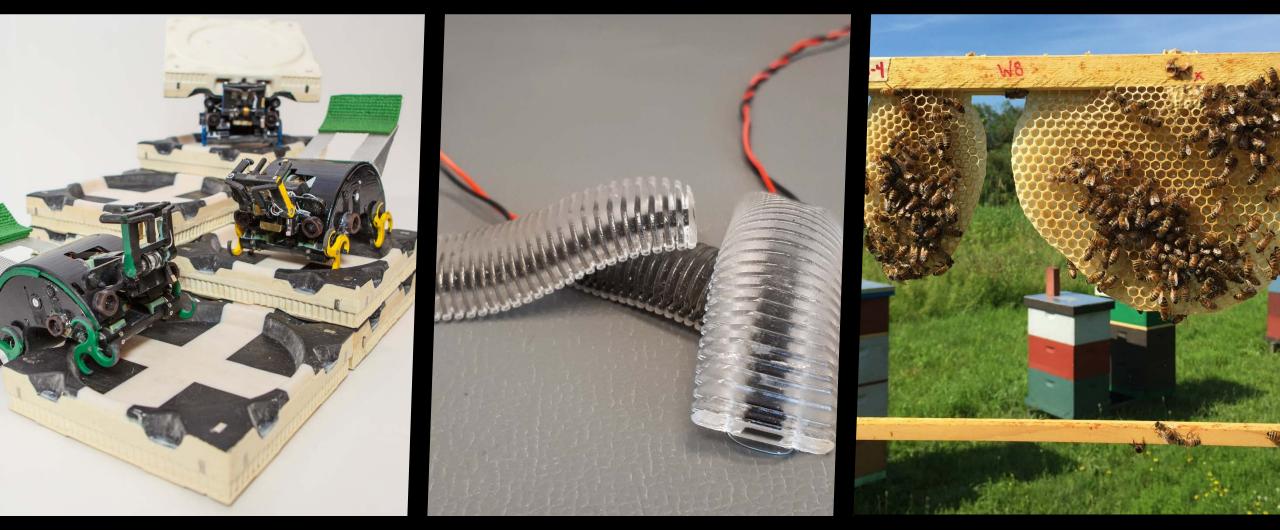
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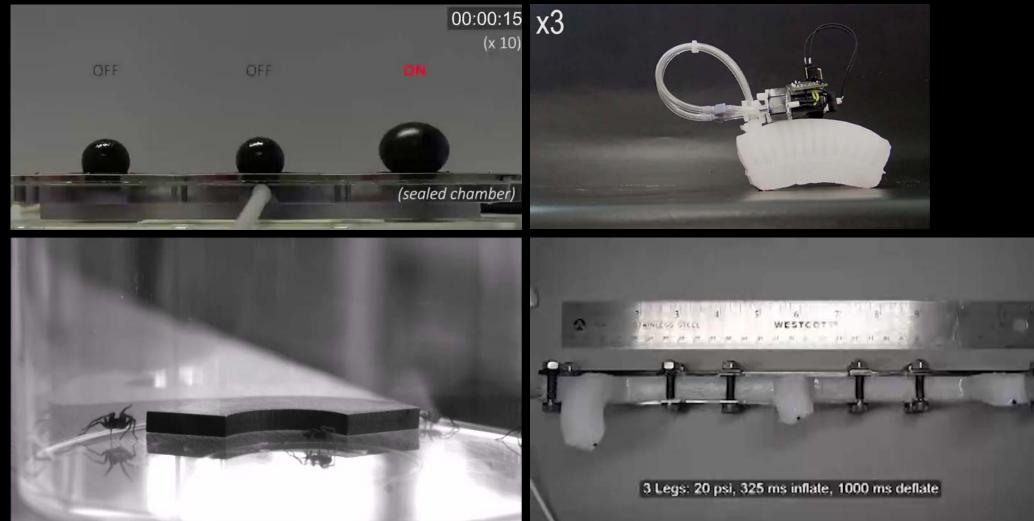


ECE4960 Fast Robots

Collective Embodied Intelligence lab (<u>www.cei.ece.cornell.edu</u>)

















Lamps

iPhone

Gimbal

Tripod





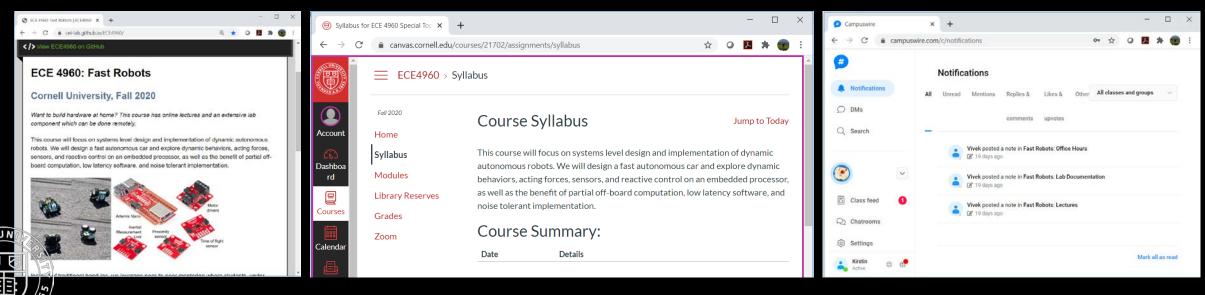


Fast Robots Logistics



Logistics I

- Main page: *Github* (<u>https://cei-lab.github.io/ECE4960/</u>)
 - Schedule, lecture slides, lab documents, tutorials, code examples
- University regulations: Canvas
 - Lecture slides, lab documents, zoom-links, grades
- Quick questions/discussions: *Campuswire*
 - If you don't get an invite, please sign up here: https://campuswire.com/p/GBD54AB15



Logistics II

- Lab kit
 - On campus
 - Pick up your kit outside of Rhodes Hall, Friday 4th (email: kirstin_at_cornell.edu) to arrange a time
 - Off campus
 - Send me your address ASAP for shipping
 - First three labs can be done with a partner who has a kit if need be
 - You'll need a no. 1-50mm flathead screwdriver, a wire cutter, a flat surface
- Lab software
 - Linux (kernel 3.0.34+), MacOS 10.10+, and Windows 10
 - Processor: Core i3-8100 3.6 Ghz/AMD Ryzen 5 1400 or equivalent, Memory: 4 GB RAM, Free Space: 10 GB









Logistics III

- All labs can be done *remotely*!
- Lab reports → Your own Github sites (check out examples from ECE3400 <u>here</u>)
- Labs
 - If you are on campus, you can get access to PH427 (one person at a time!)
 - If something breaks...
 - Contact us ASAP
 - You can try out solutions remotely on TA kits (limited time)
 - You can get partial credits for simulations
 - If you run low on time...
 - Everyone gets 7 days of extensions they can use as they wish
 - They MUST inform the teaching team before the deadline
 - *¡The car has limited battery life, do the labs over multiple days!*



Logistics IV - Grading

- Labs (85 pts) ightarrow
 - Points for solution (65%)
 - Points for write-up (25%)
 - Points for speed (10%)
- Quizzes (10 pts) ightarrow
- Campuswire participation (5 pts) \bullet
- Grading policy
 - Collaboration is welcome
 - But implement your own code \bullet
 - Always credit collaborators/references
- **Extension policy** \bullet
 - 7 days extension
 - No questions asked \bullet
 - Only if you notify us before the deadline

Task	pts
Lab 1 write-up (Artemis)	5
Lab 2 write-up (Bluetooth)	5
Lab 3 write-up (RC car test)	5
Lab 4 write-up (Open loop)	5
Lab 5 write-up (Obstacle avoidance)	10
Lab 6 write-up (IMU)	5
Lab 7 write-up (Odometry)	5
Lab 8 write-up (Mapping)	5
Lab 9 write-up (Localization)	10
Lab 10 write-up (Planning)	10
Lab 11 write-up (PID control)	10
Lab 12 write-up (Inverted pendulum, LQR control)	10
Quizzes	10
Campuswire participation	5
Bonus points for course evaluation!	2
Total:	102



Action items

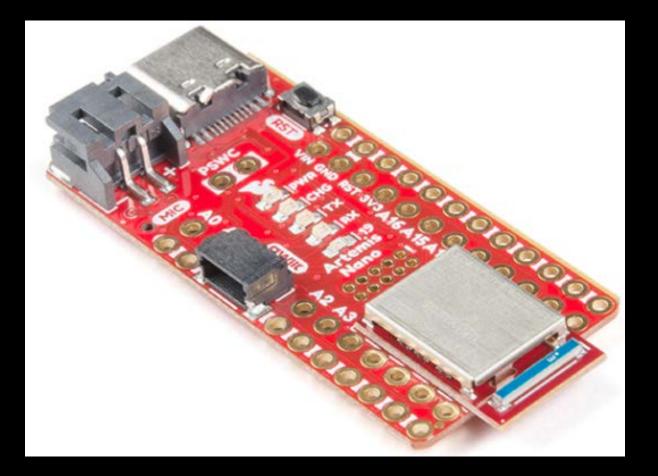
- If you decide not to take the course, let Kirstin know ASAP
- Deadline 4pm Friday Sept 4th
 - Pick up your kit or send us your mailing address
- Deadline 8am Tuesday Sept 7th
 - Make a Github repository and build a Github page
 - Your name, a small introduction, the class number, and a photo
 - Share the page link with Kirstin
- Deadline 8am Monday Sept 14th
 - Upload your write-up of Lab 1
- Thursday Sept 10th lecture: installation support
 - Try VMware installation before this lecture
 - If you can't make this section and run into trouble, contact us over Campuswire





Fast Robots Lab 1: Artemis





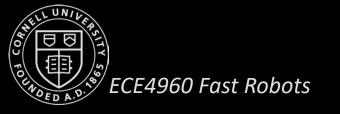
• The Board:

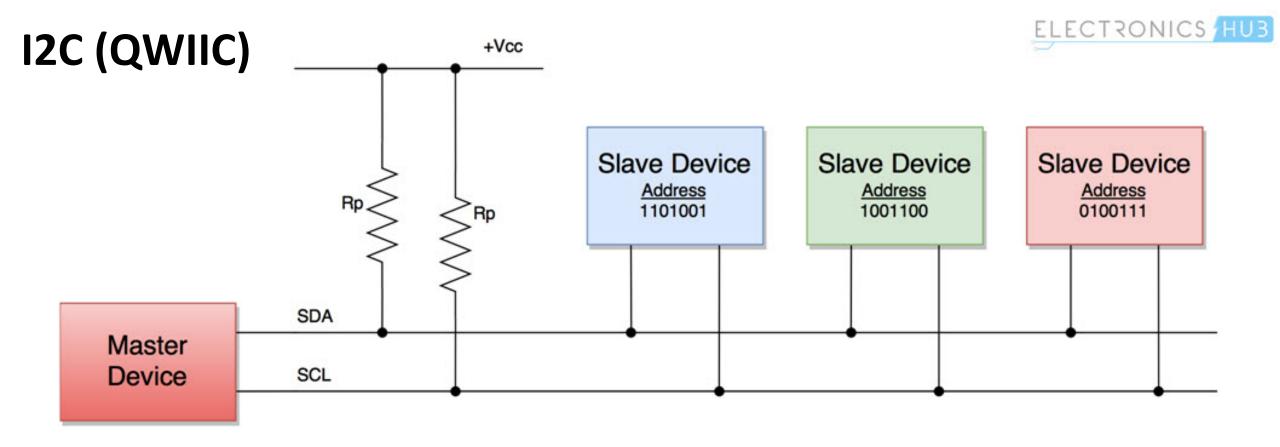
https://www.sparkfun.com/products/15443

• Support forum:

https://forum.sparkfun.com/viewforum.php?f=16 7&sid=903070e43f577f5afd5010828e1bf716

- Bluetooth
- PDM
- LiPo Charger
- I2C Qwiic connectors
- 3V board
- Apollo 3 MCU









Features

Ultra-low supply current:

- 6 µA/MHz executing from FLASH or RAM at 3.3 V
- 1 µA deep sleep mode (BLE Off) with RTC at 3.3 V (BLE in SD).
- Hign-performance ARM Cortex-M4 Processor
- 48 MHz nominal clock frequency, with 96 MHz high performance TurboSPOT™ Mode
- Floating point unit
- Memory protection unit
- Wake-up interrupt controller with 32 interrupts

Integrated Bluetooth¹ 5 low-energy module

- RF sensitivity: -93 dBm (typical)
- TX: 3 mA @ 0 dBm, RX: 3 mA
- Tx peak output power: 4.0 dBm (max)

Ultra-low power memory:

- Up to 1 MB of flash memory for code/data
- Up to 384 KB of low leakage RAM for code/data
- 16 kB 2-way Associative/Direct-Mapped Cache

Ultra-low power interface for on- and off-chip sensors:

 14 bit ADS at up to 1.2 MS/s, 15 selectable input channels available https://cdn.sparkfun.com/assets/d/e/8/b/4/Apoll o3 Blue MCU Data Sheet v0 12 1 rZ9Akgo.pdf

Apollo3 Blue MCU Datasheet

Ultra-Low Power Apollo MCU Family

- 3.37 x 3.25 mm(<0.35mm thk pkg) 66-pin CSP with 37 GPIO
- 5 x 5 mm (<0.5mm thk pkg) 81-pin BGA with 50 GPIO

Applications

- Voice-on-SPOT[™] compatible for always-listening keyword detect, audio command recognition and voice assistant integration in battery-powered devices including:
 - Bluetooth headsets, earbuds, and truly wireless earbuds
 - Remote and Gaming Controls
 - Smart home
- Wearables including smart watches and fitness/activity trackers Hearing aids, Digital Health Monitoring and Sensing Devices Smart Home Automation, Security and Lighting control applications

Description

The Apollo MCU Family is an ultra-low power, highly integrated microcontroller platform based on Ambiq Micro's patented Subthreshold Power Optimized Technology (SPOT[™]) and designed for battery-powered and portable, mobile devices. The Apollo3 Blue MCU sets a new standard in energy efficiency for batterypowered devices with an integrated ARM Cortex-M4 processor with Floating Point Unit and TurboSPOT[™] increasing the compu-

*Single-Instruction Multiple-Data ops, floating point unit -> Audio, Fast-control loop closure

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https://cdn.sparkfun.com/assets/d/e/8/b/4/Apoll o3 Blue MCU Data Sheet v0 12 1 rZ9Akgo.pdf

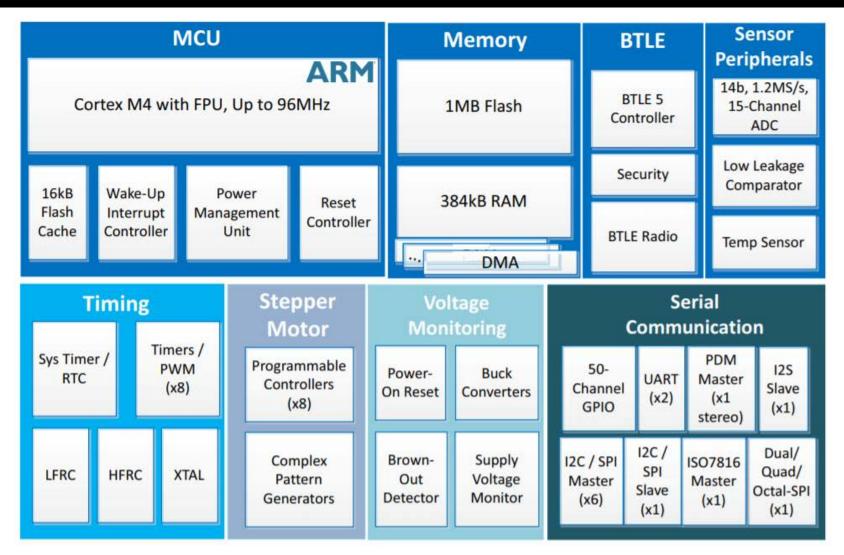


Figure 3. Block Diagram for the Ultra-Low Power Apollo3 Blue MCU

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